

### 36-3511: Anti-CD8A (Cytotoxic- & Suppressor T-Cell Marker) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: C8/468)-CF488

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	C8/468
<b>Application :</b>	FACS,IF
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Conjugate :</b>	CF488
<b>Gene :</b>	CD8A
<b>Gene ID :</b>	925
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	P01732
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	CD8 antigen, alpha polypeptide (p32), T8/Leu-2 T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen, Ly3, LYT3, MAL, T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain
<b>Isotype :</b>	Mouse IgG1, kappa
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	Recombinant human CD8 protein

#### Description

CD8 is a cell surface receptor expressed either as a heterodimer with the CD8 beta chain (CD8 alpha/beta) or as a homodimer (CD8 alpha/alpha). A majority of thymocytes and a subpopulation of mature T cells and NK cells express CD8a. CD8 binds to MHC class 1 and through its association with protein tyrosine kinase p56lck plays a role in T cell development and activation of mature T cells. For mature T-cells, CD4 and CD8 are mutually exclusive, so anti-CD8, generally used in conjunction with anti-CD4. It is a useful marker for distinguishing helper/inducer T-lymphocytes, and most peripheral T-cell lymphomas are CD4+/CD8-. Anaplastic large cell lymphoma is usually CD4+ and CD8-, and in T-lymphoblastic lymphoma/leukemia, CD4 and CD8 are often co-expressed. CD8 is also found in littoral cell angioma of the spleen.

#### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	0.5 ml at 100µg/ml
<b>Content :</b>	Antibody Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G and conjugated to various reporter molecules. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA and 0.05% azide. Contact us if you require this Ab in a different format.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Antibody with azide - store at 4 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

#### Application Note

Flow Cytometry (5ul per test per one million cells or 5ul per 100ul of whole blood);Immunofluorescence (1:50-1:100);