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14-106ACL: TNF-alpha Leeporter™ Luciferase Reporter-RAW264.7 Cell Line

Application : Functional Assay

Description

The TNF-alpha Leeporter™ Luciferase Reporter cell line is a stably transfected RAW264.7 cell line which expresses Renilla luciferase reporter gene under the transcriptional control of the TNF-alpha promoter. Tumor necrosis factor-alpha (TNF-alpha) is one of the major proinflammatory cytokines and can induce systemic inflammation, apoptotic cell death, sepsis and cachexia. Dysregulation of TNF-alpha induction is often involved in various human diseases including inflammatory bowel disease, cancer and Alzheimer's disease. The TNF-alpha induction by lipopolysaccharide (LPS), the Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4) ligand, is shown in Figure 1.

Product Info

Amount :	1 Vial
Content :	Each vial contains 2 ~ 3 x 10^6 cells in 1 ml of 90% FBS + 10% DMSO.
Storage condition :	Immediately upon receipt, store in liquid nitrogen.

Application Note

Application:

- Monitor the TNF-alpha induction activity.
- Screen for activators or inhibitors of the TNF-alpha signaling pathway.

Culture conditions:

Cells should be grown at 37°C with 5% CO_2 using DMEM medium (w/ L-Glutamine, 4.5g/L Glucose and Sodium Pyruvate) supplemented with 10% heat-inactivated FBS and 1% Pen/Strep, plus 3 µg/ml of Puromycin (Note: Puromycin can be omitted during the reporter cell assays).

It is recommended to quickly thaw the frozen cells upon receipt or from liquid nitrogen in a 37oC water-bath, transfer to a tube containing 10 ml of growth medium without Puromycin, spin down cells, resuspend cells in pre-warmed growth medium without Puromycin, transfer resuspended cells to T25 flask and culture in 37oC-CO2 incubator.

Leave the T25 flask in the incubator for 1~2 days without disturbing or changing the medium until cells completely recover viability and become adherent. Once cells are over 90% adherent, remove growth medium and passage the cells through trypsinization and centrifugation. At first passage, switch to growth medium containing Puromycin. Cells should be split before they reach complete confluence. ***Note: RAW264.7 cells may not be detached well by trypsinization only. So you may need to use a cell scraper to harvest the trypsinized cells.***

To passage the cells, detach cells from culture vessel with Trypsin/EDTA, add complete growth medium and transfer to a tube, spin down cells, resuspend cells and seed appropriate aliquots of cells suspension into new culture vessels. Subcultivation ration = 1:10 to 1:20 weekly. To achieve satisfactory results, cells should not be passaged over 16 times.

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Functional validation:

A. Response of TNF-alpha Leeporter™ – RAW264.7 cells to lipopolysaccharide (LPS).

1. Plate TNF-alpha Leeporter™ – RAW264.7 cells into a white solid-bottom 96-well microplate in 100 µl of growth medium at 1 x 10^5 cells/well and incubate cells at 37^{O}C in a CO_2 incubator for 4-6 hours.

2. Stimulate cells with different concentrations of LPS and incubate cells at 37^{O}C in a CO_2 incubator for 16 hours.

3. Equilibrate the plate to room temperature for 10 minutes.

4. Add 50 µl of luciferase assay reagent (Abeomics, Cat #17-1101; Refer to the reagent datasheet for the detailed luciferase assay protocol) per well.

5. Read the plate in 1-5 minutes to measure luminescence using a microplate luminometer.

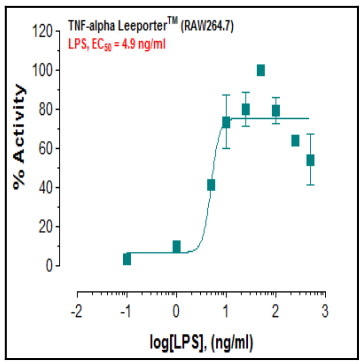

Fig-1: Induction of TNF-alpha promoter activity by LPS in TNF-alpha Leeporter™ - RAW264.7 cells.