

## 32-2149: ALKBH2 Recombinant Protein

**Alternative Name :** Alpha-ketoglutarate-dependent dioxygenase alkB homolog 2, Alkylated DNA repair protein alkB homolog 2, Oxy DC1, ALKBH2, ABH2, FLJ99103, MGC90512.

### Description

Source : Escherichia Coli. ALKBH2 produced in E.Coli is a single, non-glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 281 amino acids (1-261 a.a.) and having a molecular mass of 31.4kDa. ALKBH2 is fused to a 20 amino acid His-tag at N-terminus & purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques. ALKBH2 is a member of the ALKB family. ALKBH2 is expressed in the heart, colon, liver, testis, ovary, prostate and the small intestine. ALKBH2 uses iron as a cofactor and acts as a dioxygenase which catalyzes the repair of alkylated DNA and RNA containing 1-methyladenine and 3-methylcytosine. ALKBH2 is functionally activated by ascorbate and requires oxygen and Alpha-ketoglutarate for enzymatic activity.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	20 µg
<b>Purification :</b>	Greater than 90.0% as determined by SDS-PAGE.
<b>Content :</b>	ALKBH2 solution (0.5mg/ml) containing 20mM Tris-HCl buffer (pH 8.0), 1mM DTT and 30% glycerol.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Amino Acid :</b>	MGSSHHHHHH SSGLVPRGSH MDRFLVKGAQ GGLLRKQEEQ EPTGEEP AVL GGDKESTRKR PRREAPGNNG HSAGPSWRHI RA EGLDCSYT VLF GKAEADE IFQELEKEVE YFTGALARVQ VFGKWH SVPR KQATYGDAGL TYTFSGLTLS PKPWIPVLER IRDHVSGVTG QTFNFVLINR YKDGCDHIGE HRDDERELAP GSPIASVSFG ACRDFVFRHK DSRGKSPSRR VAVVRLPLAH GSLLMMNHPT NTHWYHSLPV RKKVLAPRVN LTFRKILLTK K.