

### 35-1144: Polyclonal Antibody to JAK2(Phospho-Tyr221)

<b>Clonality :</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Application :</b>	IHC
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Gene :</b>	JAK2
<b>Gene ID :</b>	3717
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	O60674
<b>Format :</b>	Purified
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	JTK10, THCYT3
<b>Isotype :</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of tyrosine 221(Q-D-Y(p)-H-I) derived from Human JAK2.

#### Description

Non-receptor tyrosine kinase involved in various processes such as cell growth, development, differentiation or histone modifications. Mediates essential signaling events in both innate and adaptive immunity. In the cytoplasm, plays a pivotal role in signal transduction via its association with type I receptors such as growth hormone (GHR), prolactin (PRLR), leptin (LEPR), erythropoietin (EPOR), thrombopoietin (THPO); or type II receptors including IFN-alpha, IFN-beta, IFN-gamma and multiple interleukins. Following ligand-binding to cell surface receptors, phosphorylates specific tyrosine residues on the cytoplasmic tails of the receptor, creating docking sites for STATs proteins. Subsequently, phosphorylates the STATs proteins once they are recruited to the receptor. Phosphorylated STATs then form homodimer or heterodimers and translocate to the nucleus to activate gene transcription. For example, cell stimulation with erythropoietin (EPO) during erythropoiesis leads to JAK2 autophosphorylation, activation, and its association with erythropoietin receptor (EPOR) that becomes phosphorylated in its cytoplasmic domain. Then, STAT5 (STAT5A or STAT5B) is recruited, phosphorylated and activated by JAK2. Once activated, dimerized STAT5 translocates into the nucleus and promotes the transcription of several essential genes involved in the modulation of erythropoiesis. In addition, JAK2 mediates angiotensin-2-induced ARHGEF1 phosphorylation. Plays a role in cell cycle by phosphorylating CDKN1B. Cooperates with TEC through reciprocal phosphorylation to mediate cytokine-driven activation of FOS transcription. In the nucleus, plays a key role in chromatin by specifically mediating phosphorylation of 'Tyr-41' of histone H3 (H3Y41ph), a specific tag that promotes exclusion of CBX5 (HP1 alpha) from chromatin. Dawson M.A., Bannister A.J., Gottgens B., Foster S.D., Bartke T., Green A.R., Kouzarides T. Nature 461:819-822(2009)

#### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	50 µl / 100 µl
<b>Content :</b>	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg <sup>2+</sup> and Ca <sup>2+</sup> ), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Store the antibody at 4°C, stable for 6 months. For long-term storage, store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze and thaw cycles.

#### Application Note

Predicted MW: 125kd, Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100

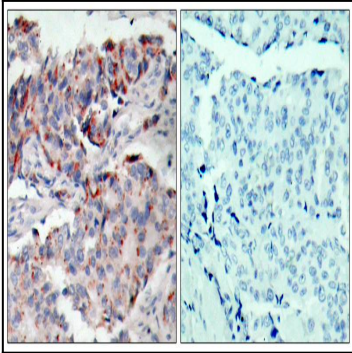


Figure 1: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue, using JAK2 (phospho-Tyr221) antibody (35-1144 ).