

## 10-3519: Monoclonal Antibody to Human sMD-2 and sMD-2/TLR4 (Clone : 4H1)(Discontinued)

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	4H1
<b>Application :</b>	IHC,FACS
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Gene :</b>	SNRPD2
<b>Gene ID :</b>	6633
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	P62316
<b>Format :</b>	Purified
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	Lymphocyte antigen 96, ESOP-1, LY96
<b>Isotype :</b>	Mouse IgG1
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	Baculovirally expressed His-tagged human MD-2

### Description

The monoclonal antibody 10-3519 reacts with soluble MD-2 (sMD-2) and the sMD-2/Toll-like receptor 4 (TLR4, CD284) complex. TLRs belong to a family of proteins that specifically recognizes and senses microbial products. They are highly conserved throughout evolution and act as innate immune recognition receptors against many pathogens. TLR4 is a functional receptor for gram-negative bacterial lipopolysaccharides (LPS). TLR4 associates with MD-2 which is absolutely required for LPS-induced activation of TLR4. MD-2 exists as a cell surface protein in association with TLR4. It also exists as secreted forms consisting of MD-2 monomer and multimers. Circulating sMD-2 is mainly present as a doublet of ~20 and 25 kD, representing differentially glycosylated forms. Unlike TLR4, sMD-2 binds directly LPS without the need of soluble CD14 (sCD14). However, LPS-MD-2 interactions are increased when LPS is pretreated with CD14. Only monomeric sMD-2 is biologically active and able to associate with TLR4 and LPS. sMD-2 circulates in plasma of healthy individuals as a non-active, polymeric protein. In septic plasma, the total amount of sMD-2 was strongly elevated and contained both sMD-2 polymers and monomers. Soluble MD-2 is proposed to be an important mediator of organ inflammation during sepsis. During experimental human endotoxemia, the monomeric and total sMD-2 content in plasma increased with the kinetics of an acute phase protein. This parallels enhanced TLR4 costimulatory activity. In vitro studies revealed that sMD-2 release appears to be restricted to endothelial and dendritic cells. The monoclonal antibody 4H1 reacts with both the monomeric and the polymeric form of sMD-2. In addition, the monoclonal antibody 4H1 is able to inhibit LPS binding to MD-2. It does not cross-react with mouse MD-2.

### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	2/TLR4 (Clone : 4H1)(Discontinued) / 500 µg
<b>Content :</b>	0.5 mg, 0.2 µm filtered antibody solution in PBS, containing 0.1% bovine serum albumin.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Product should be stored at 4 °C. Under recommended storage conditions, product is stable for one year.