

10-12534: Mouse Monoclonal Antibody to Androgen receptor (Clone :BS46) (Discontinued)

Clonality :	Monoclonal
Clone Name :	BS46
Application :	IHC
Reactivity :	Human
Gene :	AR
Gene ID :	367
Uniprot ID :	P10275
Alternative Name :	Dihydrotestosterone receptor, Nuclear receptor subfamily 3 group C member 4, DHTR, NR3C4
Isotype :	Mouse IgG1

Description

The androgen receptor (AR), also known as NR3C4 (nuclear receptor subfamily 3, group C, member 4), is a type of nuclear receptor which is activated by binding of either of the androgenic hormones testosterone or dihydrotestosterone in the cytoplasm and then translocating into the nucleus. The androgen receptor is most closely related to the progesterone receptor, and progestins in higher dosages can block the androgen receptor. The main function of the androgen receptor is as a DNA binding transcription factor which regulates gene expression; however, the androgen receptor has other functions as well. Androgen regulated genes are critical for the development and maintenance of the male sexual phenotype.

Product Info

Amount :	0.1 ml / 0.5 ml
Content :	TRIS with 0.03% sodium azide, pH7.2
Storage condition :	Store at 4°C

Application Note

Immunohistochemical Analysis :-1:200

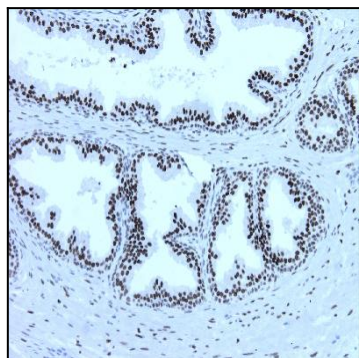


Figure-1: Prostate section has been stained using AR antibody (BS46) with 1:200 dilution. Epithelial cells of prostatic glands have strong nuclear staining.

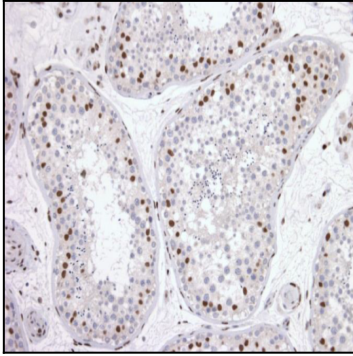


Figure-2: Testicle section has been stained using AR antibody (BS46) with 1:200 dilution. Leydig cells and sertoli cells have strong to moderate nuclear staining.

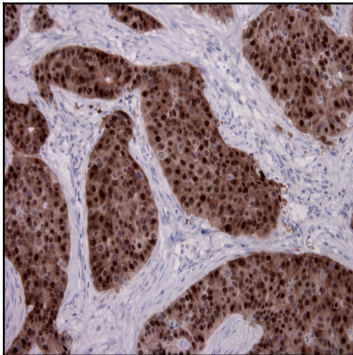


Figure-3: Breast carcinoma section has been stained using AR antibody (BS46) with 1:200 dilution. Carcinoma cells have strong nuclear and cytoplasmic staining.