

32-7632: Recombinant Human PRL- 2/PTP4A2 (C-6His)**Gene :** PTP4A2**Gene ID :** 8073**Uniprot ID :** Q12974**Description**

Source: E.coli.

MW :20.2kD.

Recombinant Human Phosphatase of Regenerating Liver 2 is produced by our E.coli expression system and the target gene encoding Met1-Gln167 is expressed with a 6His tag at the C-terminus. PTP4A2, also known as PRL2 or PTPCAAX2, is short for Protein tyrosine phosphatase type IVA 2. This protein exists in cell membrane, cytoplasm, endosome and membrane. PTP4A2 is often farnesylated during post-translational modification. Farnesylation is required for membrane targeting and for interaction with RABGGTB. The unfarnesylated forms are redirected to the nucleus and cytosol. It can stimulate progression from G1 into S phase during mitosis and promotes tumors. It also inhibits geranylgeranyl transferase type II activity by blocking the association between RABGGTA and RABGGTB.

Product Info**Amount :** 10 µg / 50 µg**Content :** Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH7.4.**Storage condition :** Lyophilized protein should be stored at -20°C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at -20°C for 3 months.**Amino Acid :** MNRPAPEISYENMRFLITHNPTNATLNKFTEELKKYGVTTLVRVCDATYDKAPVEKEGIHVLDWPFDDGAPPP
NQIVDDWLNLLKTKFREEPGCCVAVHCVAGLGRAPVLVALALIECGMKYEDAVQFIRQKRRGAFNSKQLLYLEK
YRPMRLRFRDTNGHCCVQLEHHHHHH**Application Note**

Always centrifuge tubes before opening. Do not mix by vortex or pipetting. It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100 µg/ml. Dissolve the lyophilized protein in ddH₂O. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Endotoxin : Less than 0.1 ng/µg (1 IEU/µg) as determined by LAL test.