

9853 Pacific Heights Blvd. Suite D. San Diego, CA 92121, USA Tel: 858-263-4982

Email: info@abeomics.com

## 32-20267: Recombinant Murine Leptin(Discontinued)

**Reactivity:** Human, Monkey, Mouse, Pig, Rat

Alternative Name: Obesity protein (OB)

# **Description**

#### Source:E.coli

Encoded by the ob (obese) gene, Leptin is an adipose-derived cytokine that suppresses appetite and increases thermogenesis. Leptin exerts its anorectic effect via signaling through a hypothalamic receptor termed OB-R. Leptin has been shown to reduce body weight, food consumption, and plasma glucose levels in various in vivo models. Recombinant Murine Leptin is a 16.2 kDa protein containing 147 amino acid residues.

### **Product Info**

**Amount:** 200 μg / 1mg

**Purification :** Purity: >= 98% by SDS-PAGE gel and HPLC analyses. **Content :** This recombinant protein is supplied in lyophilized form.

Amino Acid: MVPIQKVQDD TKTLIKTIVT RINDISHTQS VSAKQRVTGL DFIPGLHPIL SLSKMDQTLA VYQQVLTSLP

SQNVLQIAND LENLRDLLHL LAFSKSCSLP QTSGLQKPES LDGVLEASLY STEVVALSRL QGSLQDILQQ

**LDVSPEC** 

## **Application Note**

The Murine Leptin has been shown to be biologically active in two different mouse obesity models,  $\tilde{A} \square \hat{A}$  ob/ob $\tilde{A} \square \hat{A}$  and NZO. Both strains of mice were treated via intraperitoneal injection once daily at a dose of 5  $\tilde{A} \square \hat{A} \mu g$  Leptin/gm of body weight for 7 days. Significant effects on body weight, food consumption, and plasma glucose levels were observed to saline-treated controls.