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### 32-20632: Recombinant Human MIF(Discontinued)

**Reactivity:** Human, Mouse

Alternative Name: Macrophage Migration, Inhibitory Factor, GLIF, MMIF, GIF, Glycosylation-inhibiting factor

## **Description**

#### Source:Â Hi-5 Insect cells

Macrophage migration inhibitory factor (MIF) is a small secreted protein that can act as a pleiotropic pro-inflammatory cytokine, as well as an enzyme. MIF pro-inflammatory activity can be initiated by signaling through CD74 and CD44, resulting in the secretion of TNF-a, IL-1, IL-6, IL-8, and various MMPs. The enzymatic activity of MIF is characterized by its ability to act as a tautomerase, capable of catalyzing the keto-to-enol isomerization of keto-phenylpyruvate and L-dopachrome. It appears as though MIF catalytic activity is dependent upon a trimeric configuration and a free N-terminal proline residue. Insect cell-derived Recombinant Human MIF is a 15 kDa protein containing 124 amino acid residues, including an N-terminal His-tag.

#### **Product Info**

Amount:  $5 \mu g / 25 \mu g$ 

**Purification:** Purity:>= 98% by SDS-PAGE gel and HPLC analyses. **Content:** This recombinant protein is supplied in lyophilized form.

Amino Acid: HHHHHHHHAM PMFIVNTNVP RASVPDGFLS ELTQQLAQAT GKPPQYIAVH VVPDQLMAFG

GSSEPCALCS LHSIGKIGGA QNRSYSKLLC GLLAERLRIS PDRVYINYYD MNAANVGWNN STFA

# **Application Note**

Determined by its ability to inhibit monocyte migration.