

36-2145: Anti-Cathepsin D (Tumor Marker) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: CTSD/3083)

Clonality :	Monoclonal
Clone Name :	CTSD/3083
Application :	WB,IHC
Reactivity :	Human
Gene :	CTSD
Gene ID :	1509
Uniprot ID :	P07339
Alternative Name :	CatD; Cathepsin D; Ceroid lipofuscinosis neuronal 10; CLN10; CPSD; Epididymis secretory sperm binding protein Li 130P; Lysosomal aspartyl peptidase; Lysosomal aspartyl protease
Isotype :	Mouse IgG2b, kappa
Immunogen Information	Recombinant fragment of human Cathepsin D protein (around aa 104-250) (exact sequence is proprietary)

Description

Product Info

Cathepsin D is a ubiquitously expressed lysosomal aspartyl protease involved in the normal degradation of proteins. It is synthesized as an inactive 43kDa preprocathepsin D that is cleaved and glycosylated to form a 46kDa procathepsin D and then further cleaved to produce 28kDa and 15kDa subunits (heavy and light chains, respectively). Cathepsin D exhibits pepsin-like activity and plays a role in protein turnover and in the proteolytic activation of hormones and growth factors. Mutations in this gene play a causal role in neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis-10 and may be involved in the pathogenesis of several other diseases, including breast cancer and possibly Alzheimer's disease.

Amount :20 μg / 100 μgContent :200 μg/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS
with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.Storage condition :Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody
is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

Application Note

Western Blot (1-2ug/ml); Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT) (Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);

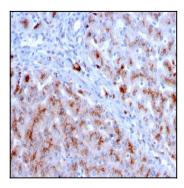


Fig. 1: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Liver stained with Cathepsin D Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (CTSD/3083).

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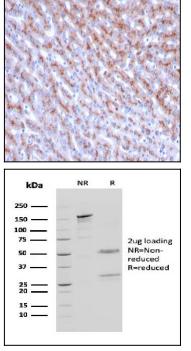


Fig. 2: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Liver stained with Cathepsin D Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (CTSD/3083).

Fig. 3: SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified Cathepsin D Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (CTSD/3083). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.

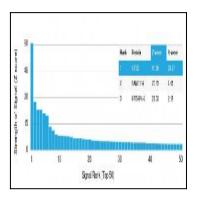


Fig. 4: Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Cathepsin D Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (CTSD/3083) Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProtTM array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProtTM are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target. A MAb is considered to specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.