

36-2290: Anti-Filaggrin (Keratinocyte Differentiation Marker) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: FLG/1561)

Clonality :	Monoclonal
Clone Name :	FLG/1561
Application :	IHC
Reactivity :	Human
Gene :	FLG
Gene ID :	2312
Uniprot ID :	P20930
Alternative Name :	ATOD2; Epidermal Filaggrin; Filaggrin; Filaggrin precursor; Fillagrin; FLG; Profilaggrin
Isotype :	Mouse IgG1, kappa
Immunogen Information :	Recombinant human Filaggrin protein fragment (aa 198-288) (exact sequence is proprietary)

Description

Filaggrin is an intermediate filament-associated protein that aggregates keratin intermediate filaments in mammalian epidermis. It is initially synthesized as a polyprotein precursor, profilaggrin (consisting of multiple filaggrin units of 324 aa each), which is localized in keratohyalin granules, and is subsequently proteolytically processed into individual functional filaggrin molecules. Active filaggrin is present at a level of the epidermis where keratinocytes are in transition between the live nucleated granular layer and the anucleate cornified layer, suggesting that filaggrin aids in the terminal differentiation process by facilitating apoptotic machinery.

Product Info

Amount :	20 µg / 100 µg
Content :	200 µg/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
Storage condition :	Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

Application Note

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT)(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);

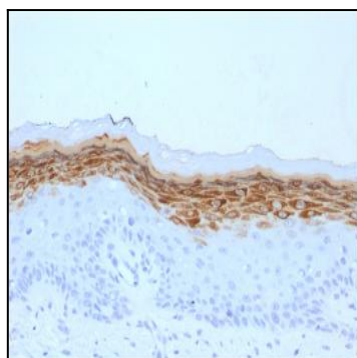


Fig. 1: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Skin stained with Filaggrin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (FLG/1561).

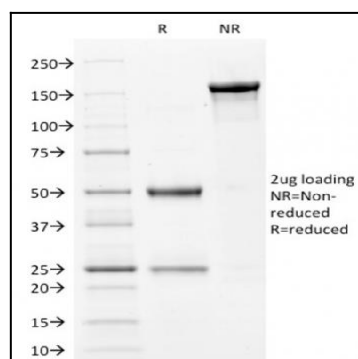


Fig. 2: SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified Filaggrin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (FLG/1561). Confirmation of Integrity and Purity of Antibody.

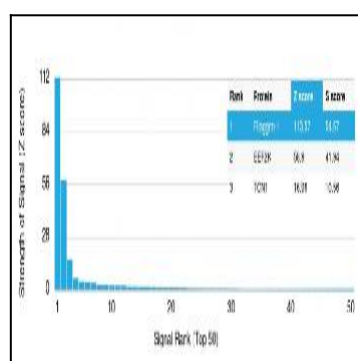


Fig. 3: Analysis of Protein Array containing >19,000 full-length human proteins using Filaggrin Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (FLG/1561) Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (Monoclonal Antibody) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a Monoclonal Antibody to its intended target. A Monoclonal Antibody is considered to be specific to its intended target, if the Monoclonal Antibody has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a Monoclonal Antibody binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that Monoclonal Antibody to protein X is equal to 29.