

9853 Pacific Heights Blvd. Suite D. San Diego, CA 92121, USA Tel: 858-263-4982

Email: info@abeomics.com

## 36-2360: Anti-GAD1 / GAD67 (GABAergic Neuronal Marker) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: GAD1/2563)

Clone Name: Monoclonal
Clone Name: GAD1/2563
Application: ELISA,FACS,WB

 Reactivity:
 Human

 Gene:
 GAD1

 Gene ID:
 2571

 Uniprot ID:
 Q99259

Alternative Name: 67kDa glutamic acid decarboxylase; CPSQ1; DCE1; GAD67; GAD1; Glutamate decarboxylase

1; SCP

**Isotype:** Mouse IgG2b, kappa

Immunogen Information: Recombinant human GAD1 (GAD67) protein fragment (around aa 72-135) (exact sequence is

proprietary)

## **Description**

This MAb recognizes a protein of 67kDa, which is identified as glutamic acid decarboxylase 1 (GDA1). There are two forms of glutamic acid decarboxylases (GADs) that are found in the brain: GAD65 (also known as GAD2) and GAD67 (also known as GAD1. GAD65 and GAD67 are members of the group II decarboxylase family of proteins and are responsible for catalyzing the rate-limiting step in the production of GABA (-aminobutyric acid) from L-glutamic acid. Althoµgh both GAD's are found in the brain, GAD65 localizes to synaptic vesicle membranes in nerve terminals, while GAD67 is distributed throµghout the cell. GAD67 is responsible for the basal levels of GABA synthesis. In the case of a heightened demand for GABA in neurotransmission, GAD65 will transiently activate to assist in GABA production. The loss of GAD65 is detrimental and can impair GABA neurotransmission, however the loss of GAD67 is lethal.

## **Product Info**

**Amount:** 20 μg / 100 μg

Content: 200 µg/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS

with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

**Storage condition :** Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody

is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

## **Application Note**

ELISA (For coating, order antibody without BSA); Flow Cytometry (1-2ug/million cells); Western Blot (1-2ug/ml);



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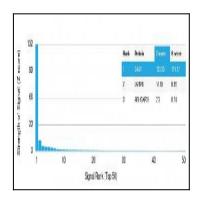


Fig. 1: Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using GAD1 (GAD67) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (GAD1/2563) Z- and S-Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-lgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProtTM array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProtTM are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target. A MAb is considered to specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.

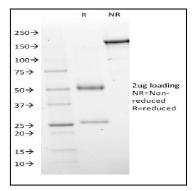


Fig. 2: SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified GAD1 (GAD67) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (GAD1/2563). Confirmation of Purity and Integrity of Antibody.

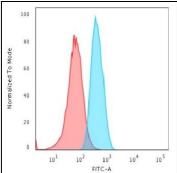


Fig. 3: Flow Cytometric Analysis of T98G cells using GAD1 (GAD67) Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (GAD1/2563) followed by Goat anti-Mouse IgG-CF488 (Blue); Isotype Control (Red).