

### 36-3571: Anti-CD80 (B7-1) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: C80/2723)

<b>Clonality :</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Name :</b>	C80/2723
<b>Application :</b>	ELISA
<b>Reactivity :</b>	Human
<b>Gene :</b>	CD80
<b>Gene ID :</b>	941
<b>Uniprot ID :</b>	P33681
<b>Alternative Name :</b>	Activation B7-1 antigen; B lymphocyte activation antigen B7; B7; B7-1; BB1; CD28 antigen ligand 1; CD28LG; CD28LG1; CD80; Costimulatory factor CD80; CTLA-4 counter-receptor B7.1; LAB7; T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80
<b>Isotype :</b>	Mouse IgG2b, kappa
<b>Immunogen Information :</b>	Recombinant fragment of human CD80 protein (around aa 35-142) (exact sequence is proprietary)

#### Description

T cell proliferation and lymphokine production are triggered by occupation of the TCR by antigen, followed by a costimulatory signal that is delivered by a ligand expressed on antigen presenting cells. The B7-related cell surface proteins CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2) are expressed on antigen presenting cells bind the homologous T cell receptors CTLA-4 (cytotoxic T lymphocyte-associated protein-4) and CD28 and trigger costimulatory signals for optimal T cell activation. CTLA-4 shares 31% overall amino acid identity with CD28 and it has been proposed that CD28 and CTLA-4 are functionally redundant. SLAM is a novel receptor on T cells that, when engaged, potentiates T cell expansion in a CD28-independent manner. B7, also designated BB1, is another ligand or counter receptor for CD28 and CTLA-4 that is expressed on the antigen-presenting cell.

#### Product Info

<b>Amount :</b>	20 µg / 100 µg
<b>Content :</b>	200 µg/ml of Ab Purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.
<b>Storage condition :</b>	Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

#### Application Note

ELISA (For coating, order Ab without BSA);

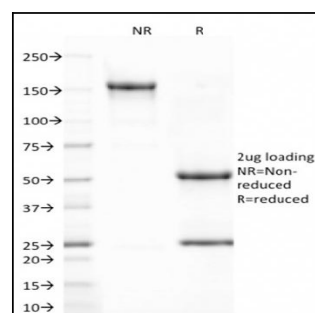


Fig. 1: SDS-PAGE Analysis Purified CD80 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (C80/2723). Confirmation of Integrity and Purity of Antibody.

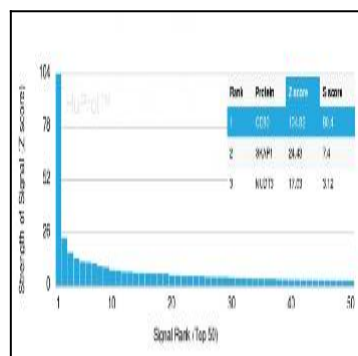


Fig. 2: Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using CD80 Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (C80/2723) Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (MAb) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProt™ array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProt™ are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a MAb to its intended target. A MAb is considered to specific to its intended target, if the MAb has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a MAb binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that MAb to protein X is equal to 29.