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36-3603: Anti-Napsin A (Lung Adenocarcinoma Marker) Monoclonal Antibody(Clone: NAPSA/3306)

Clonality: Monoclonal **Clone Name:** NAPSA/3306

Application: IHC Reactivity: Human Gene: NAPSA Gene ID: 9476 **Uniprot ID:** 096009

ASP4, Aspartyl protease 4, KAP, Kidney derived aspartic protease like protein (Kdap), NAP1, **Alternative Name:**

NAPA, Napsa, napsin A aspartic peptidase, Pronapsin A, SNAPA

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, kappa

Immunogen Information: Recombinant human Napsin A protein fragment (aa189-299) (exact sequence is proprietary)

Description

Napsin is a pepsin-like aspartic proteinase connected with maturation of surfactant protein B.There are two closely related napsins, napsin A and napsin B. Napsin A is expressed as a single chain protein. Immunohistochemical studies revealed high expression levels of napsin A in human lung and kidney but low expression in spleen. Napsin A is expressed in type II pneumocytes and in adenocarcinomas of lung. The high specificity expression of napsin A in adenocarcinomas of lung is useful to distinguish primary lung adenocarcinomas from adenocarcinomas of other organs.

Product Info

Amount: 20 μg / 100 μg

200 µg/ml of Ab Purified from rabbit anti-serum by Protein A. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% Content:

BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA at 1.0mg/ml.

Antibody with azide - store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody without azide - store at -20 to -80°C. Antibody Storage condition:

is stable for 24 months. Non-hazardous.

Application Note

Immunohistochemistry (Formalin-fixed) (1-2ug/ml for 30 minutes at RT),(Staining of formalin-fixed tissues requires heating tissue sections in 10mM Tris with 1mM EDTA, pH 9.0, for 45 min at 95°C followed by cooling at RT for 20 minutes);

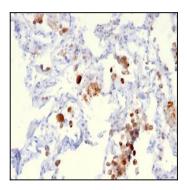


Fig. 1: Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Lung Adenocarcinoma stained with Napsin A Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NAPSA/3306).



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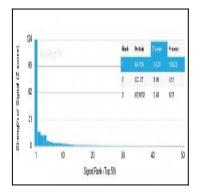


Fig. 2: Analysis of Protein Array containing more than 19,000 full-length human proteins using Napsin A Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (NAPSA/3306). Z- and S- Score: The Z-score represents the strength of a signal that a monoclonal antibody (Monoclonal Antibody) (in combination with a fluorescently-tagged anti-IgG secondary antibody) produces when binding to a particular protein on the HuProtTM array. Z-scores are described in units of standard deviations (SD's) above the mean value of all signals generated on that array. If targets on HuProtTM are arranged in descending order of the Z-score, the S-score is the difference (also in units of SD's) between the Z-score. S-score therefore represents the relative target specificity of a Monoclonal Antibody to its intended target. A Monoclonal Antibody is considered to specific to its intended target, if the Monoclonal Antibody has an S-score of at least 2.5. For example, if a Monoclonal Antibody binds to protein X with a Z-score of 43 and to protein Y with a Z-score of 14, then the S-score for the binding of that Monoclonal Antibody to protein X is equal to 29.