

9853 Pacific Heights Blvd. Suite D. San Diego, CA 92121, USA Tel: 858-263-4982

Email: info@abeomics.com

30-2684: Mouse IgG2a Isotype Control DyLight® 488 (Clone: MOPC-173)

Clonality: Monoclonal Clone Name: MOPC-173

Application: FACS, IHC(P), IHC(F), ICC, WB

Conjugate: DyLight® 488
Isotype: Mouse IgG2a kappa

Immunogen Information: The transplantable plasmacytoma MOPC-173 was induced by intraperitoneal injection of mineral

oils into BALB/c mice.

Description

Specificity: This mouse IgG2a monoclonal antibody (clone MOPC-173) reacts with an unknown epitope. It does not react with a variety of resting, activated, live, and fixed mouse, rat and human tissues.

Product Info

Amount: 0.1 mg

Purification:

The purified antibody is conjugated with tandem dye DyLight® 488 under optimum conditions. The

conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography.

Content: 0.1 mg/m

Formulation: Stabilizing phosphate buffered saline (PBS) solution containing 15 mM sodium azide

Storage condition: Store in the dark at 2-8°C. Do not freeze. Avoid prolonged exposure to light.

Application Note

Negative control: The reagent is intended as an isotype control to establish the amount of non-specific antibody binding. For your particular experiment, use the same concentration of this control antibody as the recommended working concentration of the antigen-specific antibody. Also, when working with prediluted antibodies, dilute the isotype control to the same concentration as is the concentration of the antigen-specific antibody in the prediluted antibody solution you are using. If under particular experimental conditions the background signal of the isotype control is too high (usually when working concentrations of used antibodies are above 10 µg/ml of incubation mixture), change the conditions of your experiment to reduce the background.

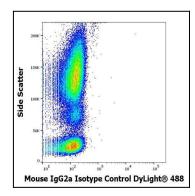


Figure 1 : Flow cytometry surface nonspecific staining pattern of human peripheral whole blood stained using mouse IgG2a Isotype control (MOPC-173) DyLight® 488 antibody (concentration in sample 9 μ g/ml).