

## 32-17539: Human EDA Protein, hFc Tag

**Alternative Name :** ED1; EDA2

### Description

The protein has a predicted molecular mass of 50.3 kDa after removal of the signal peptide. The apparent molecular mass of hFc-EDA is approximately 55-70 kDa due to glycosylation. The apparent molecular mass of GPR87-hFc is approximately 35-55 kDa due to glycosylation. The protein encoded by this gene is a type II membrane protein that can be cleaved by furin to produce a secreted form. The encoded protein, which belongs to the tumor necrosis factor family, acts as a homotrimer and may be involved in cell-cell signaling during the development of ectodermal organs. Defects in this gene are a cause of ectodermal dysplasia, anhidrotic, which is also known as X-linked hypohidrotic ectodermal dysplasia. Several transcript variants encoding many different isoforms have been found for this gene.

### Product Info

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Amount :</b>            | 50 µg   |
| <b>Purification :</b>      | The purity of the protein is greater than 95% as determined by SDS-PAGE and Coomassie blue staining.  |
| <b>Storage condition :</b> | Store at -20°C to -80°C for 12 months in lyophilized form. After reconstitution, if not intended for use within a month, aliquot and store at -80°C (Avoid repeated freezing and thawing). Lyophilized proteins are shipped at ambient temperature. |