

32-1784: mTNF α Recombinant Protein

Alternative Name : TNF- α , Tumor necrosis factor ligand superfamily member 2, TNF- α , Cachectin, DIF, TNFA, TNFSF2.

Description

Source : Escherichia Coli. Tumor Necrosis Factor- α Mouse Recombinant produced in E. coli is a single, non glycosylated, polypeptide chain containing 157 amino acids and having a molecular mass of 17301.32 Dalton. The TNF- α is purified by standard chromatographic techniques. Tumor necrosis factor is a cytokine involved in systemic inflammation and is a member of a group of cytokines that all stimulate the acute phase reaction. TNF is mainly secreted by macrophages. TNF causes apoptotic cell death, cellular proliferation, differentiation, inflammation, tumorigenesis and viral replication, TNF is also involved in lipid metabolism, and coagulation. TNF's primary role is in the regulation of immune cells. Dysregulation and, in particular, overproduction of TNF have been implicated in a variety of human diseases- autoimmune diseases, insulin resistance, and cancer.

Product Info

Amount :	20 μ g
Purification :	Greater than 97.0% as determined by:(a) Analysis by RP-HPLC.(c) Analysis by SDS-PAGE.
Content :	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered concentrated solution in PBS, pH 7.2. Lyophilized Tumor Necrosis Factor- α although stable at room temperature for 3 weeks, should be stored desiccated below -18°C. Upon reconstitution TNF- α should be stored at 4°C between 2-7 days and for future use below -18°C. For long term storage it is recommended to add a carrier protein (0.1% HSA or BSA). Please prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Storage condition :	
Amino Acid :	MLRSSQNSS DKPVAHVVAN HQVEEQLEWL SQRANALLAN GMDLKDNLV VPADGLYLVY SQVLFKGQGC PDYVLLTHTV SRFAISYQEK VNLLSAVKSP CPKDTPEGAE LKPWYEPIYL GGVFQLEKGD QLSAEVLNPK YLDFAESGV YFGVIAL

Application Note

It is recommended to reconstitute the lyophilized Tumor Necrosis Factor- α in sterile 18M-cm H₂O not less than 100 μ g/ml, which can then be further diluted to other aqueous solutions. The ED₅₀ as determined by the cytolysis of murine L929 cells in the presence of Actinomycin D is < 0.1ng/ml, corresponding to a Specific Activity of 10,000,000 Units/mg.

